SCHEDULE 2 – THE SERVICES

A. Service Specifications

Service Specification Number	11J/0267
Service	Cataract Surgery

4	1 Notional/lead contaxt			
1.1.	A cataract is the presence of visually impairing opacity in the eye's natural lens, which may occur in one or both eyes. Cataract surgery, whereby the natural lens is replaced by a clear intraocular lens implant, is currently the only effective treatment for cataract.			
1.2.	Symptoms of cataract include blurred vision, glare (particularly in bright daylight or night-time vision) and refractive change resulting in more frequent updates in spectacle prescription. Risk factors for cataract include increasing age, diabetes mellitus, corticosteroid use, female gender, socio-economic status, ethnicity, smoking and alcohol.			
1.3.	Nationally, hospital attendances for ophthalmology account for 9% of all hospital outpatient attendances and the most common surgical procedure in the UK is cataract surgery, with over 400,000 procedures undertaken per year in England.			
1.4.	There are two Acute Trusts delivering eye services within Dorset: University Hospitals Dorset (UHD) and Dorset County Hospital (DCH). Approximately 6000 cataract operations are undertaken annually across both Trusts.			
1.5.	The Dorset population has a higher percentage of those aged 65+ than the national average and is in the highest quintile for the country (24.4% of the population of Dorset; compared to 17.5% of England) (PHE Vision Atlas, 2021).			
1.6.	The patient demographics of the county have contributed to significant waiting list pressures in ophthalmology and predominantly for cataract surgery. These pressures have been further exacerbated by Covid-19.			
1.7.	The independent sector is a key stakeholder in increasing capacity for cataract operations, and thereby reducing waiting lists and enabling timely access to care.			

2. Nationally Defined Outcomes			
Domain 1	Preventing people from dying premature		
Domain 2	Enhancing quality of life for people with long-term conditions	✓	
Domain 3	Helping people to recover from episodes of ill-health or following injury		
Domain 4	Ensuring people have a positive experience of care	√	

Domain 5	Treating and caring for people in safe environment and protecting	
	them from avoidable harm	

3. L	3. Locally Defined Outcomes			
3.1	Improved Ophthalmology 18-week RTT performance across the Dorset			
	System			
3.2	Effective use of resources in treating cataracts with >90% conversion from			
	outpatient consultation to surgery			
3.3	>85% of all patients to achieve visual acuity better than 6/12 post-operatively			
3.4	<1% onward referral to Dorset Acute Trusts with post-surgery complications			
3.5	Service users feel informed about their condition and have a high level of satisfaction in their care.			

4.	Service Aims and Objectives		
Aims		Objectives	
4.1	Timely and equitable access to cataract surgery for Dorset patients	4.1.2	Increased capacity within the Dorset system for low, medium and higher risk cataract operations, with a choice of provider and locations Prioritisation of waiting lists based on clinical need
4.2	Safe and effective care	4.2.1	Deliver high quality care in line with locally agreed pathways, national guidance and best practice Access to 24-hour provisions for post-surgical complications
4.3	Patient centred care	4.3.1 4.3.2	Increased choice for Dorset patients Acceptance for surgery will not be based on visual acuity alone.
		4.3.4	Discharge planning to include a service user's social needs Comprehensive written and verbal information to support service users, their carers and supporters across all parts of the pathway of care.
4.4	Collaborative working within the Dorset System	4.4.1	Engaging with Dorset CCG and local Acute Trusts to provide parity of access across the system Upholding the principles of improvement and integration

Service Description/Care Pathway 5.1. Summary The service will provide cataract procedures for Dorset patients, following both national and local guidance and best practice. Service users will be seen in a timely manner, with one-stop outpatient review and preassessments reducing the number of times they must travel for appointments. The service will be responsible for the entire pathway of care for cataract procedures from the point of a referral being received. This will include treatment for any complications arising from cataract surgery as laid out in the clinical scope section below. Prioritisation of waiting lists will ensure equity by treating Dorset patients according to clinical priority and waiting time. 5.2. Referral Referrals for cataract surgery will be received from Dorset GPs via e-RS as per local pathways which account for patient choice. This will be evidenced by a UBRN number. Referrals will not be accepted directly from optometrists. 5.3. Clinical Scope The scope of the service is to offer treatment of cataracts to and Pathway Dorset Service Users (as defined in Section 6). The provider will be expected to take ownership of the whole patient pathway from GP referral through to appropriate follow-up and discharge back to Primary Care including: First outpatient appointment for assessment and preoperative preparation Day case or inpatient admission for surgical intervention Follow-up outpatient appointment(s) as clinically required to complete the pathway of care. **Pre-surgery assessment** Pre-operative consultation and preparation will be undertaken as a 'one-stop' appointment to negate the need for multiple hospital attendances. The appointment will include adequate assessment to ensure the service user meets the access criteria for cataract surgery and identify high risk patients with co-morbidities or any other clinical history that may impact on treatment or appropriateness for to proceed to surgery. Service users will be given information before a booked appointment to aid them with decision making with the option to cancel the appointment in a timely manner, without charge to the CCG, if they chose to not go ahead with surgery. The service may use the Dorset Cataract patient decision aid tool MD Cataracts7 - YouTube, or one of their own choosing. **Cataract Surgery** The surgical interventions offered will be: Phacoemulsification of lens Extracapsular cataract surgery Secondary insertion of lens The provider will establish a clear pathway for handover to an Acute Eye Unit where complications occur that cannot be safely

managed in-house. Where clinically appropriate this will be a Dorset-based eye unit.

Post-Operative Care

The provider must discharge the service user with information in an appropriate format (such as a leaflet) advising on postoperative self-care, instructions on use of eye drops, what to expect in terms of normal postoperative symptoms and timescale for recovery, information on post-operative follow up appointments, red flag symptoms and a contact telephone number for use both in hours and out of hours. This will provide access to clinical advice as required 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Where required, the Provider must arrange routine postoperative care following cataract surgery. This will take place at 4 to 6 weeks after surgery and include:

- Assessment of the eye including any inflammation, lens position, eye pressure, the retina, cornea and macular (using a slit-lamp and OCT if required)
- Visual acuity including unaided vision
- Refractive correction
- Pre-surgery corrected visual acuity
- Post-surgery corrected visual acuity refraction

Further follow-up appointments where clinically required will be undertaken by the provider in order to complete the pathway of care.

Post-operative follow-up may be undertaken by the provider or through sub-contracting arrangements with local optometrists. Where sub-contracting arrangements are in place it is the responsibility of the provider to ensure that optometrists have the appropriate accreditation and equipment. A robust process for reporting outcome data back to the provider will be established where post-operative follow is undertaken through sub-contracting arrangements.

Patients requiring treatment to second eye will need to fulfil the criteria specified in the <u>Cataract Policy</u>. A process for audit of second eye patients will be agreed with Dorset CCG across both new and transferred patient pathways.

Procedures not specified within the service scope described above should not be undertaken without prior authorisation by the Commissioners.

If incidental findings occurring pre- or post-surgery, an onward referral should be made in line with local Dorset pathways and Protocols which may include:

- referral back to GP for new referral to the appropriate Dorset Eye Unit or the Dorset Community Ophthalmology Service.
- Urgent referral for suspect wet Macular Disease via the agreed Dorset pathway to their local Acute Trust at

	University Hospitals Dorset using eye.unit@nhs.net ; or Dorset County Hospital using REITriage@dchft.nhs.net		
	Diagnostic tests Diagnostic tests should only be undertaken in line with Nationally and Locally agreed clinical pathways and guidance. OCT (Optical Coherence Tomography) will not be routinely undertaken as part of the cataract surgery pre-assessment pathway unless clinically indicated.		
	Where diagnostic tests are required, the provider will offer patients, as standard, same day diagnostic testing not requiring an additional appointment.		
5.4. Medication	All episodes of treatment will be inclusive of drugs, devices and consumables, which should be selected in line with the Dorset formulary pan Dorset formulary and the commissioned pathway. Any medications post-surgery are part of that episode of care and should be supplied on discharge, with appropriate governance in place. Any outpatient medications required must be supplied in line with Dorset Outpatient Guidance 2016		
5.5. Days/Hours of Operation	The provider must offer days and hours of service to ensure sufficient clinics and theatre slots to meet waiting time targets.		
	Arrangements must be flexed to meet demand and to support patient choice.		
	The provider will ensure 24-hour provision to respond to post- surgical complications including access to a Consultant Ophthalmologist.		
5.7. Service locations	Surgery will be available within Dorset, or neighboring counties. Pre- and post-operative care will be delivered at either the same location as surgery or closer to the Service User's home where alternative locations or subcontracting arrangements are in place.		
5.8. Service User Information	Service users will be offered sufficient information about the risks and benefits of cataract surgery both before and during the outpatient assessment to enable them to make an informed choice about proceeding to surgery with an emphasis on proactive shared decision making (SDM) for patients and carers.		
	On discharge, post-surgery service users will be given the following information as a minimum:		
	 Written information on aftercare Written information on what to expect following surgery Written information on what to do if a problem occurs and who best to contact A telephone number to contact which will be operational 		
	24hrs a day, providing access to a trained clinician who can provide advice on patient concerns and is able to		

	identify and triage symptoms of concern or which may indicate a complication or need for urgent review. This clinician should have direct access to a consultant surgeon.		
F 0	3		
5.9. Communication	All referrals received must be in digital format.		
	The provider will communicate with referrers and service users to ensure awareness of the necessity to travel for follow-up appointments where required.		
	The service will be responsible for notifying the GP of all Service User episodes of care within the service, including transfer and discharge.		
	Communications with GPs and other care providers will clearly state whether they are for information only or if there is an action Required.		

6. Eligibility,	, Acceptance and Exclusion	
6.1. Population covered	Service Users who are registered with a Dorset GP practice.	
6.2. Acceptance	The following Acceptance Criteria will apply:	
criteria	Service Users must be aged 18 years or over	
	 Service Users must have been assessed by an Optometrist or GP prior to referral 	
	Service users that meet the Dorset Cataract Surgery Access Based Protocol	
	 Service Users are referred by a GP via the National e- Referral System 	
6.3. Exclusion	The following exclusion criteria will apply:	
criteria	Where patients are already being seen at another	
ontona -	Ophthalmology provider for a long-term eye condition, the provider should seek confirmation from the existing provider consultant that it is safe and in the patient's best interests, before performing cataract surgery. Patients under the age of 18 years old Service users with previous glaucoma surgery Service users already under the care of Hospital Eye Service, unless agreed with the acute trusts Any patient who does not meet the Dorset Criteria Based Access Protocol for Cataract Surgery Emergency Ophthalmology referrals Contact lens trials for keratoconus Investigations for intracranial pressure Patients with severe head tremor	
	 Patients with extreme claustrophobia who are unable to lie flat with a drape covering their face 	

- Patients with dementia who could not tolerate cataract surgery with topical anesthetic
- Patients with learning difficulties who could not tolerate cataract surgery with topical anesthetic
- Epileptics who have had more than 1 grand mal seizure in the last month
- Patients with a defibrillating pacemaker capable of delivering a shock to the patients
- Unresponsive uveitis
- Brittle or end stage glaucoma
- Diabetics undergoing treatment for maculopathy

7. Interdependence with Other Services/Providers

- **7.1.** Key interdependencies include but are not restricted to:
 - Local Optometrists
 - GPs
 - Dorset Acute Trusts
 - Community Ophthalmology services
 - Third sector and Local Authority services for visually impaired people

8. Applicable Service Standards

- **8.1** The service will comply with all applicable NICE guidance and standards.
- 8.2 The service will comply with all applicable standards set out in guidance and/or issued by competent bodies including the Royal College of Ophthalmology, Getting It Right First Time, HEE and the National Ophthalmology Database