## **SCHEDULE 2 – THE SERVICES**

## A. Service Specifications

Service Specification Number	11J/0269 v2
Service	Community Ophthalmology
Commissioner Lead	NHS Dorset – System Integration Directorate
Provider Lead	Community Health and Eyecare Limited
Period	1 April 2022 to 1 April 2025
Date of Review	1 April 2023

1. N	lational/local context
1.1	Ophthalmology is the highest volume outpatient speciality, with 18/19 figures (NHS
	Digital) accounting for:
	7.8 million attendances
	1.97 million 1st outpatient attendances
	10% of all outpatient appointments
1.2	Cataract, glaucoma, medical retina, and urgent eyecare together account for 60-
1.3	70% of all ophthalmology activity. In addition to this, there is predicted to be a 30-40% increase in demand for eye
1.5	services from 2018 – 2038 (The Royal College of Ophthalmologists 2018), with an
	increasing aging population (Office of National Statistics data) that are at higher
	risk of eye disease. The current overall economic burden of sight loss is estimated
	to be £28bn in the UK, with around 50% of sight loss thought to be preventable.
1.4	Dorset Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) serves a population of 810,000, in the
	local authority areas of Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole in the East of the
	County (395,784) which is largely urban, and within Dorset Council area in the
	West (376,484) which has 46% of the population living in rural locations. The
	population of adults aged 65+ is higher across both areas (22% and 29%
	respectively) than the national average (18.5%).
1.5	There are two Acute Trusts delivering eye services within Dorset: University
	Hospitals Dorset (UHD) and Dorset County Hospital (DCH). These are currently
	supported by a range of community-based provisions.
1.6	The level of community provision has increased within Dorset over recent years,
	with new pathways and direct referral for optometrists and Service User self-
	referral being embedded. Between April 2020 and March 2021 approximately 6800
	minor eye appointments for routine and urgent care, 5600 glaucoma appointments
	supported by virtual consultant oversight and 650 minor outpatient procedures
	were undertaken in the community. In addition, the Dorset system has supported
	approximately 1000 glaucoma Service Users through shared care arrangements
	between Hospital Eye Services (HES) and Primary Care optometrists and has
	undertaken 6700 cataract follow-up appointments- of which around 6030 are
	suitable for community follow up.
1.7	Although there has been an increase in eye care delivered in the community over
	the last 3 years, Dorset Hospital Eye Services have continued to experience
	growing demand due to the population demographic and increase in age related
	eye conditions. This has resulted in service users experiencing significant delays
	both for first appointments, planned care and follow-up of long-term eye conditions
	such as glaucoma and age-related macular degeneration (AMD). These pressures
	and delays in care have been further compounded by the coronavirus COVID19
	pandemic.

1.8	In 2019 Dorset CCG commissioned a review of existing ophthalmology services which was clinically led by Moorfield's Eye Hospital. The outcome of this review included recommendations for optimising current services and a transformation programme which focuses on developing integrated pathways of care and maximising community provision where appropriate. The benefits of implementing this programme are to improve access and equity of care, particularly in the West of the county and release hospital capacity for higher risk Service Users and acute care. The ophthalmology transformation programme aligns to the Dorset Clinical Services Review, as well as the national Eye Care Restoration programme, Getting It Right First Time (GIRFT) and NHSE Eye Care Planning Implementation Guidance 2021-22.
1.9	It is expected that opportunities and new pathways will continue to evolve and be embedded as part of a System approach to delivering the best possible eye care to meet the future needs of the Dorset population.

2. Nationally Defined Outcomes				
Domain 1	Preventing people from dying premature			
Domain 2	Enhancing quality of life for people with long-term conditions	✓		
Domain 3	Helping people to recover from episodes of ill-health or following injury	✓		
Domain 4	Ensuring people have a positive experience of care	✓		
Domain 5	Treating and caring for people in safe environment and protecting them from avoidable harm	✓		

3. L	ocally Defined Outcomes
3.1	A reduction in delays to follow-up for Service Users with long term eye conditions
3.2	Service Users with urgent eye conditions are seen, diagnosed and treated in an appropriate timeframe based on their clinical need and risk
3.3	Service Users are able to access advice and guidance for minor eye conditions where appropriate and avoid the need for an appointment
3.4	4:1 first to follow-up appointment ratio to be maintained for Minor Eye Conditions
3.5	A reduction in Service Users referred to acute hospitals that are subsequently discharged at first appointment
3.6	Reduction in eyelash epilation
3.7	Service users are fully informed about their eye condition with a high level of satisfaction about their care

4.	Service Aims and Objectives		
Aims		Objec	tives
4.1	Provide access to eye care for low	4.1.1	Deliver high quality care in line with
	to medium risk eye conditions in		locally agreed pathways, national
	non-acute settings. Provision of		guidance and best practice

	accomment discussion and	440	Integrated care pathways for
	assessment, diagnosis, and	4.1.2	Integrated care pathways for
	treatment of eye conditions within		management of long-term eye
	community settings		conditions in community settings
		4.1.3	Care delivered through a range of
			options including face to face and
			virtual appointments, virtual diagnostic
			pathways, shared care and consultant
			telemedicine where clinically
			appropriate
4.2	Provide equitable access to eye	4.2.1	Premises for services will be available
	care for service users aged 16		throughout Dorset, with equity between
	years and over across the whole of		the East, North and West of the
	-		County through strategic location of
	Dorset, reducing variation in		, , ,
	access for urban and rural		premises to meet both the demand
	communities		and variation in rurality and access to
			public transportation
		4.2.2	Provide services that are accessible
			and flexible to adapt to the
			requirements of vulnerable Service
			Users or those with special needs <sup>1</sup>
4.3	Administrative processes with	4.3.1	Failsafe processes in place and
	appropriate clinical oversight to		recording of 'earliest clinically
	ensure timely triage, risk		appropriate date' (ECAD) for follow-up
	stratification and safe timing of		appointments to avoid delays and
	appointments, in line with national		reduce harm
	and local guidance and best	4.3.2	Secure two-way communication and
	practice		interoperability between hospitals and
			the community service, <sup>2</sup> enabling
			personalised care, shared decision-
			making, and self-management where
			appropriate
			Working with Service Users and other
		422	-
		4.3.3	stakeholders to ensure the suitability of
			Service User information and formats
			for the local population
4.4	Utilise and develop the current	4.4.1	Recognition of advanced practice
	knowledge and skills of the optical		qualifications
	workforce in primary and	4.4.2	Upskilling and training in place to
	community care, thereby releasing		increase the competencies of the
	hospital ophthalmology capacity for		optometry workforce within the Dorset
	more complex ophthalmic care		System
4.5	Work collaboratively with primary	4.5.1	Collaborative clinical leadership and
	and secondary care eye providers		clinical governance for all pathways
	to develop services that meet the		
	future needs of the population.		
	Reduction in the incidence of		
	avoidable sight loss in Dorset, and		
	a. c. aabio orgin: 1000 in Doroot, and	1	
	of unwarranted variation across the		
	of unwarranted variation across the Integrated Care System		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer Service Conditions SC7, SC8, SC10, SC13, SC17 <sup>2</sup> Refer to Service Conditions SC11, SC12, SC28

	4.5.2	Developing and upholding the Dorset culture of improvement and integration
	4.5.3	Involvement in a system approach to reduce the number of Ophthalmology Service Users waiting >18 weeks from Referral to Treatment (RTT) across the Dorset system

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Refer to Service Condition SC10, SC11
 <sup>4</sup> Refer to General Condition GC12

		The service will be ence for the bound and down of the work.
5.2. Referral	5.1.5.	The service will be open for the hours and days of the week that are required to meet the needs of Service Users for both planned/routine appointments and access to urgent eye care. This will include weekdays, weekends and evenings up to 6pm to ensure that there is sufficient capacity and flexibility for Service Users to be seen within the clinically and contractually required timeframes. The Community Ophthalmology Service will receive referrals from a range of sources including Service User self-referral for minor eye condition provisions, GP, Optometrists and acute hospital clinicians, and other health professionals.
	5.0.0	Referral sources will include signposting of Service Users to the community service for urgent minor eye care by 111, community pharmacists, Minor Injury Units and Urgent Treatment Centres, hospital eye ED and general ED departments.
	5.2.2.	The service will develop standardised pathways for receiving referrals using the National e-referral system where accessible by the referring source.
	5.2.3.	The service will develop pathways for onward referral to HES where clinically required. This will include the National e-referral system where mandated and additional agreed pathways for urgent/emergency eye care.
5.3. Clinical Scope	5.3.1.	The Community Ophthalmology Service will consist of the
		following components:
		a. Minor eye conditions (MECS)/ urgent eye care
		<ul> <li>b. Integrated glaucoma pathway</li> <li>c. Inactive/stable age-related macular degeneration</li> </ul>
		(AMD) monitoring
		d. Minor outpatient procedures
		e. Post- operative cataract follow-up
5.4 Minor Eye	5.4.1.	Minor Eye Conditions and Urgent Eye Care
Conditions		5.4.1.1. The community ophthalmology service will
		provide initial contact and/or telephone triage of
		provide initial contact and/or telephone triage of both recent onset symptomatic urgent eve
		provide initial contact and/or telephone triage of both recent onset symptomatic urgent eye conditions and routine referral of Service Users
		both recent onset symptomatic urgent eye conditions and routine referral of Service Users with eye symptoms that have failed to resolve
		both recent onset symptomatic urgent eye conditions and routine referral of Service Users with eye symptoms that have failed to resolve through self-care.
		<ul> <li>both recent onset symptomatic urgent eye conditions and routine referral of Service Users with eye symptoms that have failed to resolve through self-care.</li> <li>5.4.1.2. The service will work closely with hospital eye ED services to enhance access to emergency eye care for Service Users and avoid delays</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>both recent onset symptomatic urgent eye conditions and routine referral of Service Users with eye symptoms that have failed to resolve through self-care.</li> <li>5.4.1.2. The service will work closely with hospital eye ED services to enhance access to emergency eye care for Service Users and avoid delays and duplication of care.</li> </ul>
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		<ul> <li>both recent onset symptomatic urgent eye conditions and routine referral of Service Users with eye symptoms that have failed to resolve through self-care.</li> <li>5.4.1.2. The service will work closely with hospital eye ED services to enhance access to emergency eye care for Service Users and avoid delays and duplication of care.</li> <li>5.4.1.3. Service users may self-present or be referred / redirected from other services including GPs, primary care optometrists, 111 and hospital eye ED departments. Referrals will be received by the community service users are directed to the most suitable care setting/service with the appropriate level of priority/ urgency as per the Dorset Urgent Eye Care Triage Tool.</li> </ul>

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		5.4.1.5.	The clinical phone triage service will be available 6 days per week from 8am to 6pm with access to timely appointments based on clinical need and urgency.
		5.4.1.6.	The service will provide advice to service users to support self-management of less complex eye conditions including signposting service users to information about their eye condition and over the counter treatment options.
		5.4.1.7.	Where a face-to-face appointment is required, the service user will be seen in a clinic as close to home as possible by optometrists/clinicians with the appropriate skills and qualifications and access to diagnostic equipment to reduce the need for multiple appointments, operating a one-stop model as far as possible.
		5.4.1.8.	Onward referral to hospital eye services will be in line with agreed Dorset pathways including guidelines for secondary care referral of service users with dry eye Dorset Dry Eye Guidelines.
		5.4.1.9.	The service will include assessment and treatment of service users with trichiasis with an emphasis on service user education and self-management as the primary option. There will also be treatment options for epilation of the eyelash, or onward referral to HES where surgical intervention is required or treatment options have failed.
	E 4 0	Minor Evo	
	5.4.2		Condition Medication
		5.4.2.1.	Service Users with a minor eye condition will be given information on appropriate Over the Counter (OTC) treatments in line with NHS policy otc-guidance-for-ccgs.pdf (england.nhs.uk)
		5.4.2.2.	Where prescribed medicines are required, the service will apply the prescribing guidelines given.
5.5. Ocular	5.5.1	Ocular Hy	pertension (OHT) and Glaucoma care
Hypertension and Glaucoma		5.5.1.1	The Community Ophthalmology Service will deliver Consultant led management of OHT and glaucoma as part of an integrated pathway of care with local optician practices and Hospital Eye Services, ensuring Service Users are seen in the most clinically appropriate setting whilst minimising delays and duplication of care.
		5.5.1.2.	or care. Referrals received by the community service will be clinically triaged to the appropriate pathway, including onward referral to the hospital eye service in line with the <u>Dorset</u> <u>Glaucoma Risk Stratification Tool</u> . This will be supported by referral refinement including repeat measures, and enhanced case-findings in line with NICE guidance

	5.5.1.3.	Where a referral is appropriate for autonomous
		community management and decision-making
		by community-based clinicians with the
		required skills and competencies, the
		community service will be responsible for
		5
		b. Ongoing monitoring
		c. Service User review and updating of
		care plans/ onward HES referral due to
		change in condition
	5.5.1.4.	This will be undertaken with adherence to NICE
		guidance and the Dorset Glaucoma Risk
		Stratification tool.
	5.5.1.5.	Diagnostic tests undertaken in the assessment
	0.0.1.0.	and monitoring of Service Users with suspect
		and diagnosed glaucoma will be locally agreed
		and adhere to NICE guidance unless agreed
		with hospital clinicians as part of individualised
		care planning. These tests include:
		a. Goldman's Applanation Tonometry
		b. Humphries (or equivalent) Visual Field
		24-2
		c. CCT measurement for new Service
		Users
		d. Gonioscopy
		e. Optic nerve and macular OCT as
		required
	5.5.1.6.	The service will promote advanced practice
	0.0.1.0.	
		through recognising additional competencies
		within the optometrist workforce and allowing
		autonomous practice, where deemed safe and
		appropriate by the service user's consultant to
		do so.
	5.5.1.7.	The service will be able to receive and send
		DICOM files to prevailing Hospital systems
		(currently FORUM) to assist with triage/
		management of Service Users
		-
	5.5.1.8.	As part of the integrated pathway of care,
		Hospital Eye Services will discharge Service
		Users to the community service who have been
		monitored/reviewed and deemed appropriate
		for community treatment and monitoring with an
		appropriate care plan.⁵
5.5.2	Glaucoma	Shared Care
0.0.2		
	5.5.2.1.	The service will offer convenient local
		monitoring through provision of a shared care
		pathway for Service Users identified by hospital
		clinicians. This pathway may apply to Service
		Users with a higher risk score than would be
		suitable for autonomous community
		management, or where the pathway and
		diagnostic tests may deviate from NICE
		guidance due to the need for individualised
		care planning at the discretion

<sup>5</sup> Refer to Service Condition SC4, SC10 SC11

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		5.5.2.2.	of the responsible consultant. Within this arrangement, the Service User remains under the care of the hospital consultant ophthalmologist, but the monitoring tests are undertaken within the community service. This will require an agreed administrative process for referral of Service Users to the service for shared care monitoring, and timely information sharing and digital transfer of diagnostic imaging with hospital clinicians for 'virtual' consultant review.
	5.5.3.	Glaucoma	Medication
		5.5.3.1.	The service will implement prescribing pathways for glaucoma to ensure that Service Users commence treatment in a clinically appropriate timeframe as per the prescribing information given.
		5.5.3.2.	For all treatment started in the service, the initiating clinician will be responsible for providing the Service User with information and support including: a. how to administer eye drops; b. the importance of compliance; c. safe storage; and d. the drug and its potential side effects.
5.6. AMD		5.6.1.1.	The community ophthalmology service will provide monitoring of stable AMD Service Users on a shared care basis with oversight from hospital clinicians who will retain the responsibility for the service user. This will require integrated transfer of OCT as DICOM files which can be viewed on prevailing Hospital systems (currently FORUM), and fundus imaging for review by the responsible secondary care clinician. The individualised care plan and frequency of monitoring will be determined by the responsible ophthalmologist.
5.7. Cataract		5.7.1.1.	The community ophthalmology service will provide post cataract surgery follow-up for Service Users without surgical complications or significant co-morbidities.
		5.7.1.2.	Referrals for post cataract follow-up will be accepted from Dorset NHS Acute Trusts only. Clinical suitability for community follow-up will be determined by the ophthalmic surgeon after the cataract procedure.
		5.7.1.3.	The service will ensure there is an effective route for receiving referrals for follow-up to avoid delays and ensure the Service User is seen 4 to 6 weeks after surgery.
		5.7.1.4	Service users who are found to have post- operative complications will be referred back to the hospital eye service for further investigation.

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	5.7.1.5	Results from the post-operative follow-up appointment will be reported back to HES within one week of the examination via a digital process which interfaces with Medisight, to enable outcomes to be reported to the National Ophthalmology Database audit.
5.8. Minor Lid	5.8.1.1.	The Dorset Community Service will undertake
Surgery		minor surgery for benign skin lesions, adhering to the Dorset Removal of Chalazion and other benign skin lesions policy.
	5.8.1.2.	Where surgical intervention is considered in the treatment of benign lid lesions, the service will liaise with HES oculoplastic consultants to ensure consistency and equity for service users across hospital and community. This may include shared decision-making where a
		treatment pathway is unclear.
5.9. Prescribing	5.9.1.1.	The service will implement prescribing pathways according to the <u>Dorset Outpatient</u> <u>Guidance 2016</u> (dorsetccg.nhs.uk) to ensure
		that Service Users commence treatment in a
		clinically appropriate timeframe including:
		<ul> <li>a. immediate prescribing by the service following an outpatient episode where an URGENT treatment needs to be</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>commenced</li> <li>b. Prescribing by the service where non- urgent treatment needs to be commenced within 10 days of the outpatient appointment</li> <li>c. a request to the GP to prescribe where a new treatment does not need to be</li> </ul>
	5012	initiated within 10 days.
	5.9.1.2.	The service will use effective, timely and contractually defined methods of
		communication for all communications with the GP <sup>6</sup> including new and ongoing prescribing of treatments where required.
	5.9.1.3.	All prescribing and recommendation of medicines and eye drops will be in line with the <u>pan Dorset formulary</u> and the contained traffic light system.
5.10. Workforce/	5.10.1.1.	The service will promote advanced practice
Competencies		through recognising additional competencies within the optometrist workforce and allowing autonomous practice including Independent Prescribing, where deemed safe and appropriate by the lead consultant to do so. <sup>7</sup>
	5.10.1.2.	Service user outcomes will be shared with the referring optometrist for learning and development purposes. <sup>8</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Refer to Service Condition SC11
<sup>7</sup> Refer to General Condition GC5
<sup>8</sup> Refer to Service Condition SC7 SC9

5.11. Information and Digital	5.11.1.1.	The service will be able to receive and send DICOM files to assist with triage/ management of Service Users. There will be integration with prevailing Hospital systems.
5.12. Communication	5.12.1.1.	The service will be responsible for notifying GP of all Service User routine and urgent episodes of care within the service <sup>9</sup> , including transfer and discharge
	5.12.1.2	Communications with GPs and other care providers will clearly state whether they are for information only or if there is an action required.

6.1. 6.1.1. Population covered	
The Community Ophthalmology Service will be available to all adults aged 7 years and over who are registered with a Dorset GP.	6
<ul> <li>6.2.</li> <li>6.2.</li> <li>6.2.1. Acceptance for the community ophthalmology service include:</li> <li>6.2.1.1. Service Users presenting with minor eye conditions that need emergency or specialist hospital care including bulimited to: <ol> <li>Dry eye</li> <li>Epiphora</li> <li>Red eye</li> <li>Blepharitis</li> <li>Conjunctivitis</li> <li>Conjunctivitis</li> <li>Concretions</li> <li>Vii. Ocular irritation</li> <li>Viii. Foreign Bodies</li> <li>Conjunctival cysts</li> <li>Correal Abrasions</li> <li>Xii. Pingueculae and Pterigia (where not inflamed/aff vision)</li> <li>Xii. Dry AMD</li> <li>Xii. Floaters and flashes</li> <li>Xiv. Anterior Uveitis</li> <li>Xv. Episcleritis</li> <li>Xvi. Monitoring of lower risk choroidal naevi MOLES set of 2.1.2.</li> <li>Service Users with raised IOP &gt;24 mmHg, suspect and glaucoma in line with RCOphth guidelines and agreed 7 Dorset Glaucoma Risk Stratification and Clinical Pathwi</li> <li>6.2.1.3. Service Users with mind lid lesions which have undergoi weeks of self-care with no or only mild improvement</li> <li>6.2.1.4. Service Users with inactive/stable AMD who are deeme appropriate for community monitoring by a hospital Cor Ophthalmologist</li> <li>6.2.1.5. Service Users deemed clinically suitable for community up following cataract surgery</li> </ol></li></ul>	ecting score 1 stable Tool: ay ne two d sultant

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Refer to Service Condition SC11

6.2	2.2. Exclusi	ons from the community ophthalmology service are:
	a.	Service Users not registered with a Dorset GP
	b.	Service Users under 16 years
	с.	People with an eye care need that can be met within mandatory
		GOS services.
	d.	Suspected malignancies, including skin cancer
	е.	
		Service Users with IOP > 40mmHg
	g.	New Wet AMD referrals
	h.	Monitoring of AMD Service Users on an active treatment
		pathway
	i.	Service Users requiring cataract and other day-case or in
	_	Service User surgery
	j.	Service Users requiring orthoptic assessment
	k.	Common naevi MOLES score 0, and higher risk MOLES score 2
		or more
	Ι.	Squints

7.	Interdependence with Other Services/Providers		
7.1.			
70			
1.2.	work within the local system priorities, including engaging in the local Eye Care Board and transformation programmes <sup>10</sup> where these involve and/or dovetail with the provided services		

Locati	on of Provider's Premises
	See Schedule 2A of the contract Particulars

Applica	able Personalised Care Requirements	

<sup>10</sup> Refer to Service Condition SC26